

**Summit Asset Managers (SAM)
Remuneration Policy**

Document Owner:	ILIM Compliance
Version:	V4
Maintenance Cycle:	Annually
Review Date:	September 2022

1. The Company

Summit Asset Managers Limited (the “**Company**”) is authorised by the Central Bank of Ireland as a UCITS management company under the European Communities (Undertakings for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities) Regulations 2003 (as amended) (the “**UCITS Regulations**”), to manage UCITS funds. It is also authorised by the Central Bank of Ireland as an Alternative Investment Fund Manager (“**AIFM**”) under the AIFM Directive (“**AIFMD**”), in respect of the activities of Portfolio Management, Risk Management, Administration and Marketing under the European Union (Alternative Investment Fund Managers) Regulations 2013.

2. The Policy

The Company has established this remuneration policy (the “**Remuneration Policy**”) to ensure that the Company has in place remuneration policies and procedures which are in compliance with the regulatory requirements under the Alternative Investment Fund Managers Directive, Directive 2014/91/EU (“**UCITS V**”) and related guidance, including, in particular, the European Securities and Markets Authority (“**ESMA**”) Guidelines on sound remuneration policies under UCITS V and AIFMD (ESMA/2016/411) (the “**ESMA Guidelines**”), to the extent that is appropriate to the size, internal organisation and nature, scope and complexity of the Company’s activities, and to integrate sustainability risk as required by the EU Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation (“**SFDR**”).

It is the Company’s policy to maintain remuneration arrangements that are consistent with, and promote, sound and effective risk management and do not encourage risk-taking, which is inconsistent with the risk profile of the Company, and to reflect the integration of sustainability risks on a qualitative basis. The Remuneration Policy is designed to ensure that any relevant conflicts of interest can be managed appropriately at all times.

The Remuneration Policy has been adopted by the Board and revisions to it require Board approval. The Remuneration Policy will be reviewed on an annual basis to assess whether the overall remuneration system operates as intended and is compliant with the remuneration policies as set out in AIFMD and UCITS V.

3. Scope

For the purposes of the Remuneration Policy and related remuneration policies and practices, “remuneration” consists of all forms of fixed and variable (which should be performance-based and risk adjusted) remuneration paid to ‘identified staff’ as defined in the ESMA Guidelines (“**Identified Staff**”) and includes all payments and benefits, whether monetary or non-monetary, paid to those Identified Staff.

4. Persons subject to the Policy

The Company shall apply the provisions of the Remuneration Policy to its Identified Staff.

The Company is responsible for identifying the members of staff who fall within the definition of Identified Staff. The term Identified Staff is broadly defined in the ESMA Guidelines and includes:

- Senior management;
- Risk takers;
- Control functions;

- Employees whose professional activities have a material impact on the Company's risk profile; and
- Staff of the entity to which portfolio and/or risk management activities have been delegated by the Company, whose professional activities have a material impact on the risk profile of the Company.

Accordingly, the Company has determined that the following staff members would fall within the definition of Identified Staff:

- Members of the Board of Directors;
- Designated Persons, other than Directors;
- Compliance and Risk Officer; and
- Money Laundering Reporting Officer (MLRO)

Although the definition of Identified Staff includes the entities to which investment management activities have been delegated and whose professional activities have a material impact on the Company's or the funds the Company manages' risk profile, these individuals are not specifically included in the Company's Remuneration Policy as they are not remunerated directly by the Company. For further information on the entity to which investment management activities have been delegated, please refer to section 6 below.

In order to ensure that the delegation of the portfolio management functions does not act to circumvent the rules and requirements of the Remuneration Policy, the Company will ensure that any delegates so appointed will comply with the Remuneration Policy or alternatively are subject to remuneration policies that are equally as effective.

Accordingly, the Company will ensure, when delegating investment management activities, that the entities to which such activities have been delegated are subject to regulatory requirements on remuneration that are equally as effective as those applicable under the ESMA Guidelines.

5. Remuneration of Identified Staff

The Company's Non-Executive Chairman and those Directors who are not employed by the Investment Manager or any affiliate of the Investment Manager will accept a fee in accordance with the Company's Memorandum and Articles of Association. The fees paid to such Directors are not performance-related fees but are subject to an agreed fee schedule. The remaining Directors have agreed to waive this fee. The fees paid to Directors undertaking any additional activity on behalf of the Company (including but not limited to activities as Chair, Organisational Effectiveness Director, or Designated Person) may reflect such activity.

The Compliance and Risk Officer, MLRO, and those Designated Persons who are not Directors of the Company, have been seconded to the Company by Irish Life Investment Managers Limited ("ILIM"). A service level agreement is in place between the parties to document this arrangement. These secondees are employed by ILIM and are subject to ILIM's Remuneration Policy. They do not receive additional remuneration in respect of their roles within the Company.

6. The Investment Managers – Irish Life Investment Managers Limited (ILIM) and Setanta Asset Management Limited (the “Investment Managers”)

The Investment Managers are subject to regulatory requirements on remuneration that are equally as effective as those applicable under AIFMD and UCITS V.

The Investment Managers are investment firms authorised under the Markets in Financial Instruments Directive II (“MiFID II”) and comply with the requirements of MiFID II 2014/65 and the MiFID II Delegated Regulation 2017/575. The Company has determined the remuneration policies in place are equally as effective as those applicable under AIFMD and UCITS V. The Investment Managers have each provided a copy of their Remuneration Policy to the Company.

The Investment Managers’ Remuneration Policies requires that an individual employee’s remuneration must be consistent with and promote sound and effective risk management and not encourage risk-taking that exceeds the Investment Manager’s level of tolerated risk. The risk-limiting features of the Policy includes (amongst other things) the application of non-financial metrics, such as an assessment of an Employee’s compliance with the Investment Managers’ Sustainability Risk Policy, where applicable.

The Investment Managers’ Remuneration Policies both require that the Investment Managers carry out an assessment of an individual’s performance, when assessing and determining variable remuneration. This assessment is based on both quantitative criteria and qualitative criteria. The qualitative criteria include, among others, an assessment of whether the relevant employee has complied with the Investment Managers’ sustainability policies, including the Sustainability Risk Policy. A negative assessment of overall compliance by an individual employee with the Sustainability Risk Policy may result in a reduction in the variable remuneration amount which would otherwise have been awarded to that individual.

Staff employed by the Investment Managers, are compensated in accordance with the achievement of the objectives linked to their functions, independent of the performance of the business areas they control.

7. Proportionality Principle

As noted above, the Company must comply with the AIFMD and UCITS V remuneration principles in a way and to the extent that is appropriate to its size, its internal organisation and the nature, scope and complexity of its activities. Accordingly, some AIFMs and UCITS can determine to meet the remuneration requirements through very sophisticated policies whereas others can do so in a simple and less burdensome way. The application of the proportionality principle may lead on an exceptional basis and taking into account specific facts to the disapplication of some remuneration principles for Identified Staff if that is reconcilable with the risk profile, appetite and risk strategy of the Company and within the limits set by the ESMA Guidelines.

The ESMA Guidelines provide that only certain of the remuneration requirements may be disappplied on proportionality grounds. These are as follows:

- (i) The requirements on the pay-out process. This means that some AIFMs and UCITS, either for the total of their Identified Staff or for some categories within their Identified Staff, may decide not to apply the requirements on:
- Variable remuneration in instruments;
 - Retention;
 - Deferral; and
 - Ex-post incorporation of risk for variable remuneration, (hereinafter the “**Pay-Out Process Rules**”).
- (ii) The requirement to establish a remuneration committee. An AIFM and a UCITS that is significant in terms of its size, its internal organisation, and the nature, scope and complexity of its activities is required to establish a remuneration committee.

In light of the nature, scope and complexity of its activities, SAM has not established a pay-out process or a separate remuneration committee of the Board.

The ESMA Guidelines further provide that if an AIFM or a UCITS disappplies any of the foregoing remuneration requirements it should be able to explain to the competent authorities (i.e. the Central Bank of Ireland) the rationale for each and every single requirement that is disappplied.

The ESMA Guidelines provide that criteria relevant to the application of proportionality are (i) the size of the AIFM and UCITS; (ii) its internal organisation; and (iii) the nature scope and complexity of its activities.

In assessing what is proportionate, the focus is on the combination of all the mentioned criteria (size, internal organization and the nature, scope and complexity of the activities) and, this is not an exhaustive list, of relevant criteria.¹

(a) Size of the Company

The size criterion can relate to the following:

- value of the Company’s capital;
- the value of assets under management (including any assets acquired through the use of leverage) of the Company;
- liabilities or risk exposures of the Company; or
- the number of staff and branches or subsidiaries of the Company.

The Company has no staff other than the Board of Directors. The Company has no subsidiaries.

(b) Internal organisation

The internal organisation can relate to the following:

- legal structure of the Company;
- the complexity of the internal governance structure of the Company; or
- whether the Company itself is listed on a regulated market.

¹ E.g. AUM of UCITS may well be small-scale but could still include complex risk-profiles because of the strategies of the UCITS or its sub-funds

The Company is a subsidiary of Irish Life Investment Managers Limited (“**ILIM**”). ILIM is authorised by the Central Bank of Ireland under the Markets in Financial Instruments Directive II (“**MiFID II**”).

(c) Nature, scope and complexity of activities

The nature, scope and complexity of activities can relate to the following;

- the type of authorised activity;
- the type of investment policies and strategies of the Company;
- the national or cross-border nature of the Company’s activities.

The Company is the appointed management company for Summit Investment Funds plc and Summit Mutual Funds plc (“**Summit Funds**”), both are open-ended umbrella investment companies established as an undertaking for collective investment in transferable securities in accordance with the European Communities (Undertakings for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities) Regulations, 2011 (as amended). The investment strategies of the Summit Funds are set out in detail in their Prospectuses. The Summit Funds primarily invest in listed equities in a variety of sectors and jurisdictions. The Funds do not employ leverage. The Summit Funds use financial derivative instruments (FDIs) for efficient portfolio management purposes only.

The company is the appointed management company of Beresford Funds ICAV (the “**ICAV**”) an open-ended umbrella investment company with segregated liability between funds. The ICAV has been authorised by the Central Bank as an Undertaking for Collective Investments in Transferable Securities (UCITS) pursuant to the European Communities (Undertakings for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities) Regulations 2011, as amended (“the UCITS Regulations”). The ICAV’s sole objective is the collective investment of its fund in instruments permitted by the UCITS regulations and to give the members of the UCITS the benefit of the results of the management of its funds. The Funds do not employ leverage and use FDIs for efficient portfolio management purposes only.

The Company is the appointed AIFM of the Irish Infrastructure Trust. The Irish Infrastructure Trust is a unit trust established as an umbrella fund, authorised by the Central Bank pursuant to the provisions of the Unit Trusts Act 1990 (as amended). The Irish Infrastructure Trust operates as a Qualifying Investor Alternative Investment Fund (“**QIAIF**”) in accordance with AIFMD. The Infrastructure Trust currently has one sub-fund, the Infrastructure Fund. The Infrastructure Fund invests in infrastructure assets which are wholly or substantially based in Ireland. The investor base of the Infrastructure Fund is entirely comprised of institutional investors and is primarily comprised of Irish institutional investors.

The Company is also appointed as AIFM of the ILIM Property Fund ICAV. The ILIM Property Fund ICAV is an investment company with variable capital incorporated in Ireland. It was established as an umbrella fund with segregated liability between Sub-Funds and was authorised by the Central Bank as a QIAIF.

The Company is also appointed as AIFM of the ILIM Liability Driven Solutions ICAV, an investment company with variable capital incorporated in Ireland. It was established as an umbrella fund with segregated liability between Sub-Funds and was authorised by the Central Bank as a QIAIF.

The Company is domiciled in Ireland.

In order to identify whether a remuneration committee is required, the factors mentioned in (a) to (c) above need to be considered. When assessing whether or not the Company is significant, the Company must consider the cumulative presence of all the three factors (i.e. its size, its internal organisation and the nature, scope and complexity of its activities). An AIFM or UCITS which is significant only with respect to one or two of the three above factors is not required to set up a remuneration committee.

Without prejudice to the foregoing, the specific (non-exhaustive) elements to be taken into account when determining whether or not to establish a remuneration committee are:

- whether the Company is listed;
- the legal structure of the Company;
- the number of employees of the Company; and
- the Company's assets under management.

Taking all of the above proportionality criteria into account, the Board has decided to disapply the requirement to establish a remuneration committee. The Board is satisfied that this disapplication is reconcilable with the risk profile, risk appetite and the strategy of the Company and its funds it manages.

The Company does not pay any variable remuneration to any of its Directors nor pay the Compliance and Risk Officer, therefore, the Pay-Out Process Rules are not applicable and an assessment of whether they need to be disapplied is not required.

8. Pensions

The Company does not contribute to staff pensions.

9. Severance arrangements

Severance payments may be payable in particular circumstances. In drafting severance payment provisions in contracts and in negotiating any severance payments, the Company ensures that the relevant payments do not reward (i) failure or (ii) poor performance.

10. Anti-circumvention rules

Each staff member of the Company must undertake not to use personal hedging strategies or remuneration and liability-related insurance to undermine the risk alignment effects embedded in his or her remuneration arrangement (if any).

11. Disclosure

The general principles of the Remuneration Policy and the specific provisions for Identified Staff are disclosed internally and documented in this procedure.

In addition, pursuant to the UCITS V requirements, the following disclosures are required in the following documents:-

Prospectus of the Company

The prospectus of the Summit Funds is required to include either:

- (a) the details of the up-to-date Remuneration Policy, including, but not limited to, a description of how remuneration and benefits are calculated, the identities of persons responsible for awarding the remuneration and benefits including the composition of the remuneration committee, where such a committee exists; or
- (b) a summary of the Remuneration Policy and a statement to the effect that the details of the up-to-date Remuneration Policy, including, but not limited to, a description of how remuneration and benefits are calculated, the identity of persons responsible for awarding the remuneration and benefits, including the composition of the remuneration committee where such a committee exists, are available by means of a website – including a reference to that website – and that a paper copy will be made available free of charge upon request.

A summary of the Remuneration Policy and a statement to the above effect will be disclosed in the prospectus of the Summit Funds and details will be made available on <https://www.ilim.com/funds/ucits-funds/>.

The Prospectus of Beresford Funds ICAV will contain a summary of the Remuneration Policy and will be made available on: <http://www.fundweblibrary.com/public-sector/ireland/en/BERESFORD/> together with a copy of this Remuneration Policy.

Key Investor Information Document (KIID) of UCITS

The KIIDs of the Summit Funds and Beresford Funds ICAV are required to include a statement to the effect that the details of the up-to-date Remuneration Policy, including, but not limited to, a description of how remuneration and benefits are calculated, the identity of persons responsible for awarding the remuneration and benefits including the composition of the remuneration committee, where such a committee exists, are available by means of a website – including a reference to that website – and that a paper copy will be made available free of charge upon request. The KIIDs of the Beresford Funds ICAV are available at: <http://www.fundweblibrary.com/public-sector/ireland/en/BERESFORD/>

Annual Report of UCITS

The annual reports of the Summit Funds are required to disclose the following additional information:

- (a) the total amount of remuneration for the financial year, split into fixed and variable remuneration paid by the Fund (including any performance fee paid for the benefit of any Identified Staff), and the number of beneficiaries;
- (b) the aggregate amount of remuneration broken down by categories of employees or other members of staff as referred to in Article 14a(3) of UCITS V;
- (c) a description of how the remuneration and the benefits have been calculated;

- (d) the outcome of the reviews referred to in points (c) and (d) of Article 14b(1) of the UCITS V Directive including any irregularities that have occurred; and
- (e) material changes to the adopted Remuneration Policy.

12. General

The Board may deviate from the Remuneration Policy in individual cases to the extent legally acceptable under applicable law, if justified by extraordinary circumstances subsequent to approval in a duly convened Board meeting.

The Remuneration Policy does not form part of any staff member's terms and conditions of employment or engagement and is implemented and subject to amendment at the Board's sole discretion in accordance with Section 2 above.

Records relating to this Remuneration Policy must be kept for a period of at least 5 years.

The effective date of this Remuneration Policy is September 2022.